
Alinma Bank
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED
March 31, 2024



KPMG Professional Services
Roshn Front, Airport Road
P.O. Box 92876
Riyadh 11663
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Commercial Registration No 1010425494

Headquarters in Riyadh



**Ernst & Young Professional Services
(Professional LLC)**
Paid-up capital (SR 5,500,000 — Five million five hundred thousand Saudi Riyal)

Head Office
Al Faisalah Office Tower, 14th Floor
King Fahad Road, P.O. Box 2732
Riyadh 11461
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

C.R. No. 1010383821
Tel: +966 11 215 9898
+966 11 273 4740
Fax: +966 11 273 4730
ey.ksa@sa.ey.com
ey.com

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT ON
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**TO: THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ALINMA BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Alinma Bank and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Bank") as of March 31, 2024, and the related interim condensed consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, changes in shareholder's equity and cash flows for the three-month period then ended and explanatory notes (the "interim condensed consolidated financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Accounting Standard 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 - *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim condensed consolidated financial statement consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Other regulatory matters

As required by Saudi Central Bank ("SAMA"), certain capital adequacy information has been disclosed in note (17) to the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements. As part of our review, we compared the information in note (17) to the relevant analysis prepared by the Bank for submission to SAMA and found no material inconsistencies.

KPMG Professional Services

Ebrahim Oboud Baeshen
Certified Public Accountant
License number 382



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(29 Shawwal 1445H)
(8 May 2024)

Ernst & Young Professional Services

Rashid S. Roshod
Certified Public Accountant
License number 366



INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) SAR'000	December 31, 2023 (Audited) SAR'000	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited) SAR'000
	Notes			
ASSETS				
Cash and balances with Saudi Central Bank (SAMA)		12,711,841	12,598,444	15,302,229
Due from banks and other financial institutions, net		851,166	1,700,907	1,172,543
Investments held at fair value through statement of income (FVSI)	4	2,663,778	2,610,274	2,207,515
Investments held at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	4	13,591,521	13,505,282	13,190,482
Investments held at amortized cost, net	4	28,848,775	27,105,159	24,318,574
Investments in associate and joint ventures	4	233,557	15,637	83,392
Financing, net	6	180,702,414	173,624,044	153,153,288
Property, equipment and right of use assets, net		2,927,483	2,888,209	2,667,049
Other assets		2,328,762	2,667,142	1,654,186
TOTAL ASSETS		244,859,297	236,715,098	213,749,258
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Due to SAMA, banks and other financial institutions	7	8,638,210	7,431,230	13,805,035
Customers' deposits	8	188,987,837	187,900,581	159,948,452
Amount due to Mutual Funds' unitholders		132,277	93,510	76,940
Other liabilities		7,752,909	6,956,176	6,755,234
TOTAL LIABILITIES		205,511,233	202,381,497	180,585,661
EQUITY				
Share capital		20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Treasury shares	18.2	(208,155)	(225,611)	(61,457)
Statutory reserve		3,378,431	3,378,431	2,168,630
Other reserves	15	(41,973)	62,359	(154,514)
Retained earnings		2,469,261	1,118,422	5,214,842
Proposed issue of bonus shares	18.1	5,000,000	5,000,000	-
Proposed dividends		-	-	996,096
Equity attributable to the shareholders of the Bank		30,597,564	29,333,601	28,163,597
Tier 1 Sukuk	11	8,750,500	5,000,000	5,000,000
TOTAL EQUITY		39,348,064	34,333,601	33,163,597
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		244,859,297	236,715,098	213,749,258

The accompanying notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.


Chief Financial Officer


Chief Executive Officer


Authorized Board Member

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (Unaudited)

	Notes	For the three months	
		period ended	
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
		SAR'000	SAR'000
Income from investments and financing		3,798,842	2,782,657
Return on time investments		(1,786,886)	(1,047,897)
Income from investments and financing, net		2,011,956	1,734,760
Fee from banking services – income		702,127	530,210
Fee from banking services – expense		(307,770)	(221,883)
Fees from banking services, net		394,357	308,327
Exchange income, net		76,913	85,703
Income from FVSI financial instruments, net		63,715	40,215
Gain from FVOCI sukuk investments, net		911	-
Dividend income on FVOCI equity investments		8,419	5,267
Other operating income		8,230	5,138
Total operating income		2,564,501	2,179,410
Salaries and employee related expenses		412,883	366,627
Rent and premises related expenses		18,484	18,510
Depreciation and amortization		86,981	72,507
Other general and administrative expenses		315,182	300,160
Operating expenses before impairment charges		833,530	757,804
Impairment charge on financing, net of recoveries	16	266,175	337,032
(Reversal) / impairment charge on other financial assets	16	(1,741)	5,499
Total operating expenses		1,097,964	1,100,335
Net operating income		1,466,537	1,079,075
Share of (loss) / income from associate and joint ventures		(660)	2,310
Income for the period before zakat		1,465,877	1,081,385
Zakat for the period		(151,143)	(111,499)
Net income for the period after zakat		1,314,734	969,886
Basic and diluted earnings per share (SAR)	13	0.64	0.46

The accompanying notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.


Chief Financial Officer


Chief Executive Officer


Authorized Board Member

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Notes	For the three months	
		period ended	
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
		SAR'000	SAR'000
Net income for the period after zakat		1,314,734	969,886
Other comprehensive income / (loss):			
<i>Items that cannot be recycled back to interim condensed consolidated statement of income in subsequent periods</i>			
Net change in fair value of FVOCI equity investments	15	99,603	200,271
Share of an associate's other comprehensive income	15	-	10,868
<i>Items that can be recycled back to interim condensed consolidated statement of income in subsequent periods</i>			
Net change in fair value of FVOCI sukuk investments	15	(94,741)	119,756
Effective portion of change in the fair value of cash flow hedge	15	(10,956)	-
Net gain realized on sale of FVOCI sukuk investments	15	(911)	-
Total other comprehensive (loss) / income		(7,005)	330,895
Total comprehensive income for the period		1,307,729	1,300,781

The accompanying notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.


Chief Financial Officer


Chief Executive Officer


Authorized Board Member



INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31,

2024 (SAR '000)	Notes	Share capital	Treasury shares	Statutory reserve	Other reserves (note 15)	Retained earnings	Proposed issue of bonus shares (note 18.1)	Total equity attributable to the shareholders	Tier 1 Sukuk	Total equity
Balance at the beginning of the period		20,000,000	(225,611)	3,378,431	62,359	1,118,422	5,000,000	29,333,601	5,000,000	34,333,601
Net income for the period after zakat		-	-	-	-	1,314,734	-	1,314,734	-	1,314,734
Net change in fair value of FVOCI equity investments	15	-	-	-	99,603	-	-	99,603	-	99,603
Net change in fair values of FVOCI sukuk investments	15	-	-	-	(94,741)	-	-	(94,741)	-	(94,741)
Gain on sale of FVOCI sukuk investments	15	-	-	-	(911)	-	-	(911)	-	(911)
Effective portion of change in the fair value of cash flow hedge	15	-	-	-	(10,956)	-	-	(10,956)	-	(10,956)
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	(7,005)	1,314,734	-	1,307,729	-	1,307,729
Net gain realized on sale of FVOCI equity investments	15	-	-	-	(85,702)	85,702	-	-	-	-
Tier 1 Sukuk costs	11	-	-	-	-	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	(50,000)
Issuance of Tier 1 sukuk	11	-	-	-	-	(918)	-	(918)	3,750,500	3,749,582
Employee share based plans and other reserve movements	15	-	17,456	-	(11,625)	1,321	-	7,152	-	7,152
Balance at the end of the period		20,000,000	(208,155)	3,378,431	(41,973)	2,469,261	5,000,000	30,597,564	8,750,500	39,348,064

The accompanying notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.


Chief Financial Officer


Chief Executive Officer


Authorized Board Member



**INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, (Continued)**

2023 (SAR '000)	Notes	Share capital	Treasury shares	Statutory reserve	Other reserves (note 15)	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends	Total equity attributable to the shareholders	Tier 1 Sukuk	Total equity
Balance at the beginning of the period		20,000,000	(66,021)	2,168,630	(507,396)	4,285,004	996,096	26,876,313	5,000,000	31,876,313
Net income for the period after zakat		-	-	-	-	969,886	-	969,886	-	969,886
Net change in fair value of FVOCI equity investments	15	-	-	-	200,271	-	-	200,271	-	200,271
Net change in fair values of FVOCI sukuk investments	15	-	-	-	119,756	-	-	119,756	-	119,756
Share of an associate's other comprehensive income	15	-	-	-	10,868	-	-	10,868	-	10,868
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	330,895	969,886	-	1,300,781	-	1,300,781
Tier 1 Sukuk costs	15	-	-	-	-	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	(50,000)
Employee share based plans and other reserve movements	15	-	4,564	-	21,987	9,952	-	36,503	-	36,503
Balance at the end of the period		20,000,000	(61,457)	2,168,630	(154,514)	5,214,842	996,096	28,163,597	5,000,000	33,163,597

The accompanying notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.


Chief Financial Officer


Chief Executive Officer


Authorized Board Member



**INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31,**

	Notes	2024 SAR' 000	2023 SAR' 000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income for the period before zakat		1,465,877	1,081,385
Adjustments to reconcile income for the period before zakat to net cash from operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		86,981	72,507
Loss on disposal of property and equipment, net		4,427	-
Unrealized gain from FVSI financial instruments, net		(40,148)	(16,163)
Gain from FVOCI sukuk investments, net		(911)	-
Dividend income on FVOCI equity investments		(8,419)	(5,267)
Impairment charge on financing, net of recoveries	16	266,175	337,032
(Reversal) / impairment charge on other financial assets	16	(1,741)	5,499
Recoveries of previously written-off accounts	16	29,142	15,037
Unwinding of deferred payment program modification loss		(3,807)	(6,150)
Unwinding of fair value impact of profit free SAMA deposits		2,502	13,849
Employees share based plans reserve	15	17,905	14,972
Share of loss / (income) from associate and joint ventures		660	(2,310)
		1,818,643	1,510,391
Net (increase) / decrease in operating assets:			
Statutory deposit with Saudi Central Bank		(1,085,573)	(15,641)
Due from banks and other financial institutions with original maturity of more than three months		27,489	(3,122)
Investments held at FVSI		(13,356)	(622,777)
Financing		(7,280,356)	(6,975,113)
Other assets		321,285	34,863
Net increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Due to SAMA, banks and other financial institutions		1,204,478	(2,704,203)
Customers' deposits		1,087,256	14,779,962
Other liabilities		596,102	(189,710)
Financing cost paid on lease liability		(3,449)	(3,396)
Net cash (used in) / from operating activities		(3,327,481)	5,811,254
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of investments held at FVOCI		(637,794)	(887,495)
Purchases of investments held at amortized cost		(1,797,505)	(15,939)
Purchases of investment in joint venture		(218,579)	-
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments held at FVOCI		556,416	101,644
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments held at amortized cost		59,903	414,011
Purchase of property and equipment		(117,452)	(87,145)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		1,208	-
Dividends received from FVOCI equity investments		8,419	5,267
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,145,384)	(469,657)

The accompanying notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.


Chief Financial Officer



Chief Executive Officer


Authorized Board Member

**INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, (Continued)**

	Notes	2024 SAR' 000	2023 SAR' 000
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds for the issuance of Tier 1 Sukuk, net of related costs	11	3,749,582	-
Payment for Tier 1 Sukuk costs		(50,000)	(50,000)
Cash payment for principal portion of lease liability		(21,469)	(14,148)
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities		3,678,113	(64,148)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,794,752)	5,277,449
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		5,172,847	3,572,943
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	10	3,378,095	8,850,392
Income received from investments and financing		3,160,133	2,221,785
Return paid on time investments		1,703,142	1,233,529
Supplemental non-cash information:			
Right-of-use assets		(11,903)	(19,617)
Lease liabilities		(7,031)	5,469
Net change in fair value of FVOCI investments		(4,862)	320,027

The accompanying notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.


Chief Financial Officer


Chief Executive Officer


Authorized Board Member



**NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2024**

1. General

a) Introduction

Alinma Bank, a Saudi Joint Stock Company, was formed and licensed pursuant to Royal Decree No. M/15 dated 28 Safar 1427H (corresponding to March 28, 2006), in accordance with the Council of Ministers' Resolution No. 42 dated 27 Safar 1427H (corresponding to March 27, 2006). It operates under Ministerial Resolution No. 173 and Commercial Registration No. 1010250808 both dated 21 Jumada-I 1429H (corresponding to May 26, 2008) and provides banking services through 110 branches (March 31, 2023: 106 branches) in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Its head office address is as follows:

Alinma Bank
Head Office
King Fahad Road
P.O. Box 66674
Riyadh 11586
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA)

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Alinma Bank and its following subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Bank") which are registered in KSA except for Alinma SPV Ltd which is registered in Cayman Islands:

Subsidiaries	Bank's Ownership	Establishment date	Main Activities
Alinma Investment Company	100%	07 Jumada - II 1430H (corresponding to May 31, 2009)	Asset management, custodianship, advisory, underwriting and brokerage services
Al-Tanweer Real Estate Company	100%	24 Sha'aban 1430H (corresponding to August 15, 2009)	Formed principally to hold legal title of properties financed by the Bank.
Saudi Fintech Company	100%	6 Dhul Qa'da 1440H (corresponding to July 9, 2019)	Provide financial technology products and services to the Bank and others.
Esnad Company	100%	24 Ramadan 1440H (corresponding to May 29, 2019)	To provide outsourced staff to the Bank.
Alinma SPV Ltd	100%	22 Jumada - II 1443H (corresponding to January 25, 2022)	Engage and execute financial derivatives transactions and repurchase agreements with international banks.

In addition to above subsidiaries, the management has concluded that the Bank has effective control of the below Funds and started consolidating the Funds' financial statements from the respective dates of effective control:

Funds	Bank's Ownership	Establishment date	Date of effective control	Purpose
Alinma Sukuk ETF	As at March 31, 2024: 92.2% (December 31, 2023: 92.2%; March 31, 2023: 97.2%)	January 22, 2020	January 22, 2020	To invest in a basket of local sovereign Sukuks issued by the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Alinma IPO Fund	As at March 31, 2024: 65.3% (December 31, 2023: 69.2%, March 31, 2023: 71.0%)	April 26, 2015	January 1, 2020	To achieve capital appreciation over the long term by investing mainly in Saudi joint stock companies
Dhahban Real Estate Fund	As at March 31, 2024: 100% (December 31, 2023: 99.8%, March 31, 2023: Nil)	September 15, 2023	September 15, 2023	To achieve medium-term capital growth through direct investment in the real estate sector in the city of Jeddah.
Alinma Fund for Private Equity Investments	As at March 31, 2024: 99.9% (December 31, 2023: 99.9%, March 31, 2023: Nil)	February 27, 2020	December 18, 2023	To distribute cash returns and/or achieve capital growth through investments in private equity.

Alinma Cooperative Insurance Agency, a fully-owned subsidiary of the Bank, established on 29 Rabi Al Awwal 1435H (corresponding to January 30, 2014), was liquidated and its commercial registration cancelled on 15 Muharram 1445H (corresponding to August 2, 2023).

The Bank provides a full range of banking and investment services through products and instruments that are in accordance with Shariah, its By-Laws and laws applicable to banks in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The Bank is regulated by the Saudi Central Bank (SAMA).

b) Shariah Committee

The Bank has established a Shariah Committee in accordance with its commitment to comply with Islamic Shariah laws. Shariah Committee ascertains that all the Bank's activities are subject to its review and approval.

2. Basis of preparation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard-34 Interim Financial Reporting (IAS-34) as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organisation for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and therefore, these should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements of the Bank as of and for the financial year ended December 31, 2023.

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

a) Basis of measurement

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the measurement at fair value of derivatives, fair value of the financial instruments held at Fair Value through Statement of Income (“FVSI”), Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (“FVOCI”) investments and end of service benefits which are measured using projected credit unit method under IAS-19.

The interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position is stated broadly in order of liquidity.

b) Functional and presentation currency

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyals (“SAR”) which is the Bank’s functional currency. Except as indicated, financial information presented in SAR has been rounded off to the nearest thousands.

c) Basis of consolidation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Alinma Bank and its subsidiaries. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as that of the Bank.

Subsidiaries are the entities that are controlled by the Bank. The Bank controls an entity when, it has power over the investee entity, it is exposed to, or has a right, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over that entity.

When the Bank has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee entity, it considers relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over the entity, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other voters of the investee entity
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- Bank’s current and potential voting rights granted by instruments such as shares

The Bank re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee entity if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more elements of control.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Bank and cease to be consolidated from the date on which the control is transferred from the Bank. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period, if any, are included in the interim condensed consolidated statement of income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

The accounting policies adopted by the subsidiaries are consistent with that of the Bank’s accounting policies. Adjustments, if any, are made to the financial statements of the subsidiaries to align with the Bank’s interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Amounts due to Mutual Funds’ unitholders represent the portion of net assets of the mutual funds which are attributable to interests which are not owned, directly or indirectly, by the Bank or its subsidiaries and are presented separately within liability in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

Intra-group balances and any income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

3. Summary of material accounting policies and estimates

a) Significant accounting estimates and assumptions

In preparing this interim condensed consolidated financial statements, the significant judgments made by the management in applying the Bank's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

b) Material accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Bank's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of January 1, 2024 and the accounting policy for the cash flow hedge, which is explained below. The Bank has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Cash flow hedges

For designated and qualifying cash flow hedging, derivatives instruments in a hedge of a variability in cash flows attributable to a particular risk associated with recognized asset or a liability or a highly probable forecast transaction that could affect the statement of income, the portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective portion is recognized directly in other comprehensive income and the ineffective portion, if any, is recognized in the interim condensed consolidated statement of income. For cash flow hedges affecting future transactions, the gains or losses recognized in other reserves, are transferred to the interim condensed consolidated statement of income in the same period in which the hedged item affects the interim condensed consolidated statement of income. However, if the Bank expects that all or a portion of a loss recognized in other comprehensive income will not be recovered in one or more future periods, it shall reclassify into the statement of income as a reclassification adjustment the amount that is not to be recognized.

Where the hedged forecasted transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, then at the time such asset or liability is recognized the associated gains or losses that had previously been recognized directly in other comprehensive income are included in the initial measurement of the acquisition cost or other carrying amount of such asset or liability. When the hedging instrument is expired or sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting, or the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, or the Bank revokes the designation then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. At that point of time, any cumulative gain or loss on the cash flow hedging instrument that was recognized in other comprehensive income from the period when the hedge was effective is transferred from equity to statement of income when the forecasted transaction occurs. Where the hedged forecasted transaction is no longer expected to occur and the transaction affects the statement of income, the net cumulative gain or loss recognized in "other comprehensive income" is transferred immediately to the interim condensed consolidated statement of income for the period.

c) Adoption of new standards

Below amendments to accounting standards and interpretations became applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after January 1, 2024:

Standard, interpretation, amendments	Description	Effective date
Amendment to IFRS 16 – Leases on sale and leaseback	These amendments include requirements for sale and leaseback transactions in IFRS 16 to explain how an entity accounts for a sale and leaseback after the date of the transaction. Sale and leaseback transactions where some or all the lease payments are variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are most likely to be impacted.	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 on Supplier finance arrangements	These amendments require disclosures to enhance the transparency of supplier finance arrangements and their effects on a company’s liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. The disclosure requirements are the IASB’s response to investors’ concerns that some companies’ supplier finance arrangements are not sufficiently visible, hindering investors’ analysis.	January 1, 2024
Amendment to IAS 1 – Non-current liabilities with covenants	These amendments clarify how conditions with which an entity must comply within twelve months after the reporting period affect the classification of a liability. The amendments also aim to improve information an entity provides related to liabilities subject to these conditions.	January 1, 2024
IFRS S1, ‘General requirements for disclosure of sustainability-related financial information	This standard includes the core framework for the disclosure of material information about sustainability-related risks and opportunities across an entity’s value chain.	January 1, 2024 subject to endorsement from SOCPA
IFRS S2, ‘Climate-related disclosures’	This is the first thematic standard issued that sets out requirements for entities to disclose information about climate-related risks and opportunities.	January 1, 2024 subject to endorsement from SOCPA

d) Prospective changes in the International Financial Reporting Standards

In addition, below are the amendments to accounting standards and interpretations which will become applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after January 1, 2025:

Standard, interpretation, amendments	Description	Effective date
Amendment to IFRS 21 – Lack of exchangeability	IASB amended IAS 21 to add requirements to help in determining whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency, and the spot exchange rate to use when it is not exchangeable. Amendment set out a framework under which the spot exchange rate at the measurement date could be determined using an observable exchange rate without adjustment or another estimation technique.	1 January 2025
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Partial gain or loss recognition for transactions between an investor and its associate or joint venture only apply to the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that do not constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 Business Combinations and the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution to an associate or a joint venture of assets that constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 is recognized in full.	Effective date deferred indefinitely

The management has assessed that the above amendments have no significant impact on the Bank's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Bank has chosen not to early adopt the amendments and revisions to the International Financial Reporting Standards which have been published and are mandatory for compliance with effect from future dates.

IBOR Transition (Profit Rate Benchmark Reforms):

Management has completed the Bank's overall transition activities through engagement with various stakeholders to support an orderly transition. As of March 31, 2024, all impacted financial instruments have transitioned to alternate reference rates. All relevant policies, procedures, models and client contracts have been amended.

4. Investments, net

	Notes	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) SAR'000	December 31, 2023 (Audited) SAR'000	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited) SAR'000
Held at FVSI	4.1	2,663,778	2,610,274	2,207,515
Held at FVOCI	4.2	13,591,521	13,505,282	13,190,482
Held at Amortized Cost		28,862,615	27,125,013	24,339,406
Less: Allowance for impairment	4.3	(13,840)	(19,854)	(20,832)
Held at Amortized Cost, net		28,848,775	27,105,159	24,318,574
Investment in an associate	4.4	-	-	67,936
Investment in joint ventures	4.5	233,557	15,637	15,456
Investment in associate and joint venture		233,557	15,637	83,392
Total		45,337,631	43,236,352	39,799,963

4.1 Held at FVSI

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	SAR'000		
	Domestic	International	Total
Equities	114,161	108,579	222,740
Funds	1,155,105	1,285,933	2,441,038
	<u>1,269,266</u>	<u>1,394,512</u>	<u>2,663,778</u>

December 31, 2023 (Audited)	SAR'000		
	Domestic	International	Total
Equities	110,456	120,089	230,545
Funds	1,102,891	1,276,838	2,379,729
	<u>1,213,347</u>	<u>1,396,927</u>	<u>2,610,274</u>

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	SAR'000		
	Domestic	International	Total
Equities	73,768	104,209	177,977
Funds	1,164,271	865,267	2,029,538
	<u>1,238,039</u>	<u>969,476</u>	<u>2,207,515</u>

4.2 Held at FVOCI

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	SAR'000		
	Domestic	International	Total
Sukuks	11,369,405	1,385,151	12,754,556
Equities	833,176	3,789	836,965
	<u>12,202,581</u>	<u>1,388,940</u>	<u>13,591,521</u>

December 31, 2023 (Audited)	SAR'000		
	Domestic	International	Total
Sukuks	11,039,153	1,319,134	12,358,287
Equities	1,143,187	3,808	1,146,995
	<u>12,182,340</u>	<u>1,322,942</u>	<u>13,505,282</u>

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	SAR'000		
	Domestic	International	Total
Sukuks	10,325,666	1,175,243	11,500,909
Equities	1,688,673	900	1,689,573
	<u>12,014,339</u>	<u>1,176,143</u>	<u>13,190,482</u>

4.3 As at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, all investments held at amortized cost are classified as Stage 1 credit exposures.

4.4 Investment in an associate represents the Bank's share of investment of 28.75% as of March 31, 2023, in Alinma Tokio Marine Company (a cooperative insurance company). During the year ended December 31, 2023, Bank's investee Alinma Tokio Marine Company (a cooperative insurance company) merged with Arabian Shield Cooperative Insurance Company and therefore has ceased to exist as a legal entity.

4.5 Investment in joint ventures represent the Banks's share of ownership in the following entities:

Company name	Bank's Ownership	Paid-up share capital
ERSAL Financial Remittance Company (a joint venture between the Bank and Saudi Post)	As at March 31, 2024: 50% (December 31, 2023: 50%, March 31, 2023: 50%)	SAR 50 million.
International Water Distribution Company ("Tawzea") (a joint venture between the Bank and Saudi Industrial Services Company (SISCO))	As at March 31, 2024: 50% (December 31, 2023: Nil, March 31, 2023: Nil)	SAR 180 million

5. Derivative financial instruments

The table below summarizes the positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments, together with the notional amounts. The notional amounts, which provide an indication of the volumes of the transactions outstanding at the period-end, do not necessarily reflect the amounts of future cash flows involved. These notional amounts, therefore, are neither indicative of the Bank's exposure to credit risk, which is generally limited to the positive fair value of the derivatives, if any, nor market risk.

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

	SAR'000		
	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Total notional amount
Held for trading:			
Profit rate swaps	264,710	(217,978)	19,550,807
Foreign exchange forward contracts	2,118	(1,446)	2,794,626
Held as cash flow hedges:			
Profit rate swaps	-	(13,489)	1,200,000

December 31, 2023 (Audited)

	SAR'000		
	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Total notional amount
Held for trading:			
Profit rate swaps	144,040	110,321	16,492,135
Foreign exchange forward contracts	289	-	270,476

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

	SAR'000		
	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Total notional amount
Held for trading:			
Profit rate swaps	83,163	70,456	8,654,947
Foreign exchange forward contracts	741	-	592,091

6. Financing, net

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	SAR'000				Financing, net
	Performing	Non-performing	Gross	Allowance for impairment (note 6.1)	
Retail	42,792,835	899,799	43,692,634	(1,009,340)	42,683,294
Corporate	139,835,273	1,474,546	141,309,819	(3,290,699)	138,019,120
Total	182,628,108	2,374,345	185,002,453	(4,300,039)	180,702,414

December 31, 2023 (Audited)	SAR'000				Financing, net
	Performing	Non-performing	Gross	Allowance for impairment (note 6.1)	
Retail	42,374,048	851,915	43,225,963	(979,914)	42,246,049
Corporate	132,820,236	2,010,546	134,830,782	(3,452,787)	131,377,995
Total	175,194,284	2,862,461	178,056,745	(4,432,701)	173,624,044

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	SAR'000				Financing, net
	Performing	Non-performing	Gross	Allowance for impairment (note 6.1)	
Retail	39,446,825	749,879	40,196,704	(877,584)	39,319,120
Corporate	114,419,647	2,563,457	116,983,104	(3,148,936)	113,834,168
Total	153,866,472	3,313,336	157,179,808	(4,026,520)	153,153,288

Below tables show the stage-wise breakdown of gross exposure and allowance for impairment of financing:

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)								
	Gross exposure			Total Gross Exposure	12-month ECL	Allowance for impairment		
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired			12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired
SAR'000								
Retail	41,845,822	947,013	899,799	43,692,634	246,571	92,266	670,503	1,009,340
Corporate	129,911,858	9,923,415	1,474,546	141,309,819	476,552	1,832,318	981,829	3,290,699
Total	171,757,680	10,870,428	2,374,345	185,002,453	723,123	1,924,584	1,652,332	4,300,039

December 31, 2023 (Audited)								
	Gross exposure			Total Gross Exposure	12-month ECL	Allowance for impairment		
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired			12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired
SAR'000								
Retail	41,365,515	1,008,533	851,915	43,225,963	225,433	115,840	638,641	979,914
Corporate	123,254,867	9,565,369	2,010,546	134,830,782	460,499	1,600,519	1,391,769	3,452,787
Total	164,620,382	10,573,902	2,862,461	178,056,745	685,932	1,716,359	2,030,410	4,432,701

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)								
	Gross exposure			Total Gross Exposure	12-month ECL	Allowance for impairment		
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired			12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired
SAR'000								
Retail	38,507,676	939,149	749,879	40,196,704	252,704	153,837	471,043	877,584
Corporate	107,528,858	6,890,789	2,563,457	116,983,104	524,628	1,366,795	1,257,513	3,148,936
Total	146,036,534	7,829,938	3,313,336	157,179,808	777,332	1,520,632	1,728,556	4,026,520

6.1 Movement in allowance for impairment of financing

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)			
	SAR'000			
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Total
Opening allowance at January 1, 2024	685,932	1,716,359	2,030,410	4,432,701
Transfer to 12-month ECL	18,884	(8,626)	(10,258)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, not credit impaired	(9,163)	9,299	(136)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, credit impaired	(487)	(22,991)	23,478	-
Net charge / (reversal) for the period	27,957	230,543	(52,707)	205,793
Write-off	-	-	(338,455)	(338,455)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	723,123	1,924,584	1,652,332	4,300,039

	December 31, 2023 (Audited)			
	SAR'000			
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Total
Opening allowance at January 1, 2023	691,188	1,632,053	1,658,015	3,981,256
Transfer to 12-month ECL	92,989	(81,319)	(11,670)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, not credit impaired	(60,365)	93,823	(33,458)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, credit impaired	(6,526)	(141,620)	148,146	-
Net (reversal) / charge for the period	(31,354)	213,422	1,095,117	1,277,185
Write-off	-	-	(825,740)	(825,740)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	685,932	1,716,359	2,030,410	4,432,701

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)			
	SAR'000			
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Total
Opening allowance at January 1, 2023	691,188	1,632,053	1,658,015	3,981,256
Transfer to 12-month ECL	31,085	(29,401)	(1,684)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, not credit impaired	(7,396)	39,879	(32,483)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, credit impaired	(1,446)	(168,063)	169,509	-
Net charge for the period	63,901	46,164	209,866	319,931
Write-off	-	-	(274,667)	(274,667)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	777,332	1,520,632	1,728,556	4,026,520

7. Due to SAMA, banks and other financial institutions

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) SAR'000	December 31, 2023 (Audited) SAR'000	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited) SAR'000
Due to SAMA, net	2,597,531	1,934,512	11,638,491
Time investments from banks and other financial institutions	5,739,060	5,180,322	2,116,502
Current accounts	301,619	316,396	50,042
Total	8,638,210	7,431,230	13,805,035

As of March 31, 2024, the Bank has outstanding profit free deposits from SAMA with gross amount of SAR 509.3 million (December 31, 2023: SAR 509.3 million; March 31, 2023: SAR 6.4 billion) with varying maturities in order to support the Bank in its implementation of various regulatory relief packages given by the government in response to COVID-19.

8. Customers' deposits

	Note	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) SAR'000	December 31, 2023 (Audited) SAR'000	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited) SAR'000
Demand		84,224,586	78,955,995	75,398,219
Savings		9,774,125	9,833,634	7,859,412
Customers' time investments	8.1	93,216,293	97,348,367	75,244,148
Others		1,772,833	1,762,585	1,446,673
Total		188,987,837	187,900,581	159,948,452

8.1 This represents Murabaha and Mudaraba deposits from customers.

9. Commitments and contingencies

i) The Bank's credit related commitments and contingencies are as follows:

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) SAR'000	December 31, 2023 (Audited) SAR'000	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited) SAR'000
Letters of credit	5,340,619	3,923,977	3,743,557
Letters of guarantee	19,489,367	19,052,144	16,561,518
Acceptances	1,158,272	1,254,199	544,874
Irrevocable commitments to extend credit	12,061,837	12,136,338	3,803,377
Total	38,050,095	36,366,658	24,653,326

- ii) Other liabilities include provision for credit-related commitments and contingencies of SAR 745.4 million as at March 31, 2024 (December 31, 2023: SAR 655.9 million; March 31, 2023: SAR 551.4 million).

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)			Total
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	
	SAR'000			
Opening allowance at January 1, 2024	40,469	402,016	213,378	655,863
Transfer to life time ECL, not credit impaired	(38)	38	-	-
Transfer to life time ECL, credit impaired	-	(1,657)	1,657	-
Net (reversal) / charge for the period	(3,148)	82,185	10,516	89,553
Balance as at March 31, 2024	37,283	482,582	225,551	745,416

	December 31, 2023 (Audited)			Total
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	
	SAR'000			
Opening allowance at January 1, 2023	51,580	245,464	222,195	519,239
Transfer to 12-month ECL	256	(256)	-	-
Transfer to life time ECL, not credit impaired	(23,309)	23,951	(642)	-
Net charge / (reversal) for the period	11,942	132,857	(8,175)	136,624
Balance as at December 31, 2023	40,469	402,016	213,378	655,863

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)			Total
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	
	SAR'000			
Opening allowance at January 1, 2023	51,580	245,464	222,195	519,239
Transfer to 12-month ECL	173	(173)	-	-
Transfer to life time ECL, not credit impaired	-	642	(642)	-
Net charge / (reversal) for the period	8,346	25,073	(1,281)	32,138
Balance as at March 31, 2023	60,099	271,006	220,272	551,377

10. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows comprise the following:

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2023 (Audited)	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)
	SAR'000	SAR'000	SAR'000
Cash in hand	2,371,762	1,807,396	2,253,346
Balances with SAMA excluding statutory deposit	265,211	1,801,753	5,549,446
Due from banks and other financial institutions maturing within ninety days from the date of acquisition	741,122	1,563,698	1,047,600
Total	3,378,095	5,172,847	8,850,392

11. Tier 1 Sukuk

On July 1, 2021, the Bank through a Shariah compliant arrangement issued Tier I Sukuk of SAR 5 billion with a profit rate of 4% payable on quarterly basis.

In addition, on March 6, 2024, the Bank issued additional Tier I sukuk of USD 1 billion with a profit rate of 6.5% payable on semi-annual basis.

These Sukuks are perpetual securities in respect of which there is no fixed redemption dates and represent undivided ownership interest of the Sukuk-holders in the Sukuk assets, with each Sakk constituting an unsecured, conditional and subordinated obligation of the Bank classified under equity. However, the Bank shall have the exclusive right to redeem or call the Sukuks in a specific period of time, subject to the terms and conditions stipulated in the Sukuk Agreement. These securities also allow the Bank to write-down (in whole or in part) any amounts due to the holders in the event of non-viability with the approval of SAMA.

The applicable profit on the Sukuks is payable in arrears on each periodic distribution date, except upon the occurrence of a non-payment event or non-payment election by the Bank, whereby the Bank may at its sole discretion (subject to certain terms and conditions) elect not to make any distributions. Such non-payment event or non-payment election are not considered to be events of default and the amounts not paid thereof shall not be cumulative or compound with any future distributions.

12. Operating segments

Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports about activities of the Bank that are regularly reviewed by the key decision makers including Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Assets and Liabilities Committee ("ALCO"), in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess their performance.

The Bank's primary business is conducted in Saudi Arabia. Transactions between the operating segments are on terms as approved by the management. The majority of the segment assets and liabilities comprise operating assets and liabilities.

The Bank's reportable segments are as follows:

- a) **Retail banking**
Financing, deposit and other products/services for individuals.
- b) **Corporate banking**
Financing, deposit and other products and services for corporate, SME and institutional customers.
- c) **Treasury**
Investments, interbank and other treasury services.
- d) **Investment and brokerage**
Investment, asset management and brokerage services through dealing, managing, arranging, advising and custodial services.

Profit is charged or credited to operating segments using internally developed Fund Transfer Pricing (FTP) rates, which approximate the marginal cost of funds.

Following is an analysis of the Bank's assets, liabilities, income and results by operating segments:

SAR '000	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)				
	Retail	Corporate	Treasury	Investment and brokerage	Total
Total assets	41,730,798	138,019,120	62,231,833	2,877,546	244,859,297
Total liabilities	119,769,011	32,367,067	53,041,051	334,104	205,511,233
Income from investments and financing	1,814,225	1,106,068	852,139	26,410	3,798,842
Return on time investments	(681,208)	(405,965)	(699,713)	-	(1,786,886)
Income from investments and financing, net	1,133,017	700,103	152,426	26,410	2,011,956
Fees from banking services and other operating income	113,083	90,369	150,218	198,875	552,545
Total operating income	1,246,100	790,472	302,644	225,285	2,564,501
Depreciation and amortization	69,934	9,186	6,589	1,272	86,981
Other operating expenses	397,113	163,938	95,222	90,276	746,549
Charge / (reversal) for credit impairment	11,910	254,526	(2,002)	-	264,434
Total operating expenses	478,957	427,650	99,809	91,548	1,097,964
Net operating income	767,143	362,822	202,835	133,737	1,466,537
Share of loss from associate and joint ventures	-	-	(660)	-	(660)
Income for the period before zakat	767,143	362,822	202,175	133,737	1,465,877

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

SAR '000	Retail	Corporate	Treasury	Investment and brokerage	Total
Total assets	38,425,103	113,834,168	59,025,566	2,464,421	213,749,258
Total liabilities	102,117,900	28,417,179	49,953,359	97,223	180,585,661
Income from investments and financing	1,266,096	941,198	548,404	26,959	2,782,657
Return on time investments	(381,029)	(232,274)	(434,594)	-	(1,047,897)
Income from investments and financing, net	885,067	708,924	113,810	26,959	1,734,760
Fees from banking services and other operating income	94,900	87,695	116,092	145,963	444,650
Total operating income	979,967	796,619	229,902	172,922	2,179,410
Depreciation and amortization	59,635	6,745	4,853	1,274	72,507
Other operating expenses	370,815	159,206	87,931	67,345	685,297
Charge for credit impairment	326,394	10,638	5,499	-	342,531
Total operating expenses	756,844	176,589	98,283	68,619	1,100,335
Net operating income	223,123	620,030	131,619	104,303	1,079,075
Share of loss from an associate and joint venture	-	-	2,310	-	2,310
Income for the period before zakat	223,123	620,030	133,929	104,303	1,081,385

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

SAR '000	Retail	Corporate	Treasury	Investment and brokerage	Total
Other information:					
Revenue from:					
- External	72,457	2,364,493	(97,734)	225,285	2,564,501
- Inter-segment	1,173,643	(1,574,021)	400,378	-	-
Total operating income	1,246,100	790,472	302,644	225,285	2,564,501

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

SAR '000	Retail	Corporate	Treasury	Investment and brokerage	Total
Other information:					
Revenue from:					
- External	211,813	1,781,436	13,239	172,922	2,179,410
- Inter-segment	768,154	(984,817)	216,663	-	-
Total operating income	979,967	796,619	229,902	172,922	2,179,410

13. Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net income adjusted for Tier 1 Sukuk costs by the weighted average number of outstanding shares which were 1,988 million shares at March 31, 2024 (March 31, 2023: 1,992 million shares). The diluted earnings per share is the same as the basic earnings per share.

14. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to discharge a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction takes place either:

- In the accessible principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous accessible market for the asset or liability

The Bank uses following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for the same or identical instrument that an entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and,

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable input).

Valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs for financial instruments at fair value

The Bank uses various valuation techniques used in measuring level 2 and Level 3 fair values at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

For the valuation of investments in mutual funds, the Bank utilizes fund manager reports. The fund manager deploys various techniques (such as discounted cash flow models and multiples method) for the valuation of underlying assets classified under level 2 and 3 of the respective fund's fair value hierarchy. Significant unobservable inputs embedded in the models used by the fund manager include risk-adjusted discount rates, marketability and liquidity discounts and control premiums.

For the valuation of unquoted Sukuk investments, the Bank utilizes valuation techniques such as discounted cash flows.

14 (a) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value

Following table shows an analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	SAR '000			Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets held as FVSI				
- Equities	179,923	-	42,817	222,740
- Funds	379,075	1,666,998	394,965	2,441,038
Financial assets held as FVOCI				
- Equities	812,146	-	24,819	836,965
- Sukuks	4,295,301	8,459,255	-	12,754,556
Total	5,666,445	10,126,253	462,601	16,255,299

December 31, 2023 (Audited)	SAR '000			Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets held as FVSI				
- Equities	187,728	-	42,817	230,545
- Funds	337,927	1,657,753	384,049	2,379,729
Financial assets held as FVOCI				
- Equities	1,122,156	-	24,839	1,146,995
- Sukuks	3,823,085	8,535,202	-	12,358,287
Total	5,470,896	10,192,955	451,705	16,115,556

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	SAR '000			Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets held as FVSI				
- Equities	135,160	-	42,817	177,977
- Funds	571,285	1,234,937	223,316	2,029,538
Financial assets held as FVOCI				
- Equities	1,667,643	-	21,930	1,689,573
- Sukuks	3,693,338	7,807,571	-	11,500,909
Total	6,067,426	9,042,508	288,063	15,397,997

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair values

The following table shows reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for Level 3 fair values:

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	SAR '000	
	Financial assets held as FVSI	Financial assets held as FVOCI
Balance at January 1, 2024	426,866	24,839
Additional / new investments	10,466	-
Capital return and disposals during the period	-	(20)
Net change in fair value (unrealized)	450	-
Balance at March 31, 2024	437,782	24,819

December 31, 2023 (Audited)	SAR '000	
	Financial assets held as FVSI	Financial assets held as FVOCI
Balance at January 1, 2023	264,452	21,779
Additional / new investments	170,584	2,923
Capital return and disposals during the period	(4,732)	-
Net change in fair value (unrealized)	(3,438)	137
Balance at December 31, 2023	426,866	24,839

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	SAR '000	
	Financial assets held as FVSI	Financial assets held as FVOCI
Balance at January 1, 2023	264,452	21,779
Additional / new investments	8,378	14
Capital return and disposals during the period	(737)	(638)
Net change in fair value (unrealized)	(5,960)	775
Balance at March 31, 2023	266,133	21,930

There are no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the period.

14 (b) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value

Management adopts discounted cash flow method using the current yield curve to arrive at the fair value of financial instruments which are categorized within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Following table shows the fair value of financial instruments carried at amortized cost.

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	SAR '000	
	Carrying value	Fair value
ASSETS		
Due from banks and other financial institutions	851,166	851,537
Investments – Murabaha with SAMA	1,636,176	1,652,379
Sukuks – Amortized Cost	27,226,439	27,089,516
Financing, net	180,702,414	180,087,544
LIABILITIES		
Due to SAMA, banks and other financial institutions	8,638,210	8,655,814
Customers' deposits	188,987,837	188,997,380

December 31, 2023 (Audited)	SAR '000	
	Carrying value	Fair value
ASSETS		
Due from banks and other financial institutions	1,700,907	1,693,958
Investments – Murabaha with SAMA	1,626,379	1,619,862
Sukuks – Amortized Cost	25,498,634	25,039,413
Financing, net	173,624,044	173,043,853
LIABILITIES		
Due to SAMA, banks and other financial institutions	7,431,230	7,378,987
Customers' deposits	187,900,581	187,898,339

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	SAR '000	
	Carrying value	Fair value
ASSETS		
Due from banks and other financial institutions	1,172,543	1,172,466
Investments – Murabaha with SAMA	904,744	899,348
Sukuks – Amortized Cost	23,434,662	23,033,857
Financing, net	153,153,288	151,989,496
LIABILITIES		
Due to SAMA, banks and other financial institutions	13,805,035	13,662,627
Customers' deposits	159,948,452	159,897,297

Other financial instruments not carried at fair value are typically short-term in nature and re-price to current market rates frequently. Accordingly, their carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

15. Other reserves

March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	Fair value reserve for FVOCI investments	Employees share-based plan reserve	Social contribution reserve	Remeasurement of End of Service Benefits	Cash flow hedge reserve	Total
	(SAR'000)					
Balance at January 1, 2024	(184,028)	93,886	153,403	(902)	-	62,359
Net change in fair value of FVOCI equity investments	99,603	-	-	-	-	99,603
Net change in fair value of FVOCI sukuk investments	(94,741)	-	-	-	-	(94,741)
Net gain realized on sale of FVOCI sukuk investments	(911)	-	-	-	-	(911)
Net gain realized on sale of FVOCI equity investments	(85,702)	-	-	-	-	(85,702)
Effective portion of change in the fair value of cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	(10,956)	(10,956)
Employee share based plan reserve	-	17,905	-	-	-	17,905
Vesting of shares	-	(28,426)	-	-	-	(28,426)
Utilization during the period	-	-	(1,104)	-	-	(1,104)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	(265,779)	83,365	152,299	(902)	(10,956)	(41,973)

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	Fair value reserve for FVOCI investments	Employees share-based plan reserve	Social contribution reserve	Remeasurement of End of Service Benefits	Total
(SAR'000)					
Balance at January 1, 2023	(634,267)	33,855	113,555	(20,539)	(507,396)
Net change in fair value of FVOCI equity investments	200,271	-	-	-	200,271
Net change in fair value of FVOCI sukuk investments	119,756	-	-	-	119,756
Share of associate's other comprehensive income	10,868	-	-	-	10,868
Employee share based plan reserve	-	14,973	-	-	14,973
Other transfers	-	21,748	-	-	21,748
Vesting of shares	-	(14,587)	-	-	(14,587)
Utilization during the period	-	-	(147)	-	(147)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(303,372)	55,989	113,408	(20,539)	(154,514)

16. Financial Risk Management

a) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises when a counterparty fails to fulfil its contractual obligations to the Bank. To minimize the risk of a counterparty failing to meet its obligations, the Bank is committed to a strong pro-active credit process to ensure that a credit that is originated will meet the institutional risk appetite and will fulfil the criteria under which credits are extended. All credit proposals are subjected to a high degree of due diligence intended to identify all risks associated with granting the credit.

An internal credit-rating model is used to determine the Obligor Risk Rating (ORR), a measure of the obligor's probability of default. Ratings by the major credit rating agencies are also considered, when available and disclosed by clients. Target Market is a key component of this process as it provides the first filter for prospective and existing obligors to avoid initiating or maintaining relationships that do not fit the Bank's strategy and desired risk profile. Risk Acceptance Criteria (RAC) is a set of variables indicating the terms under which the Bank is willing to initiate and/or maintain a credit relationship with an obligor that meets the target market. The business team is a front-end marketing team responsible for originating, evaluating and recommending credit proposals. Approval is granted in accordance with the Board approved "Credit Approval Authority Delegation Matrix" through the Credit Committee which is composed of the CEO, Business Senior Credit Officer, and Chief Credit Officer. Credits are extended based on the Corporate, Financial Institutions and Retail Banking Credit Policies and Guidelines.

Risk Management, as a key stakeholder, controls the policies established for financing and are tasked with the responsibility of regularly reviewing, and revising the Bank's credit policies, guidelines and processes, to ensure that credits risk is managed and controlled within the Risk Appetite Criteria of the Bank and credit related losses are minimized. Risk Management also ensures that credit policies are aligned and adjusted on periodic basis in accordance with the economic, market, regulatory and legal landscape.

Various credit portfolios are managed to achieve diversification. Concentration in the portfolio mix is managed in terms of economic activity, geography, collateral and underlying product. The Bank seeks diversification of its credit portfolios through customer acquisition across different industries, economic activities and geographical presence across the country and by targeting large, medium and small corporate clients as well as individual clients. Obligor and sector concentrations are monitored to assess different types of financing concentrations. The Bank regularly stress tests its credit portfolios, in order to evaluate the potential impact of negative factors on asset quality, risk ratings, profitability and capital allocations.

b) Expected credit Loss (ECL)

Credit risk grades

The Bank follows a well-defined credit evaluation process anchored in a clear Target Market and Risk Acceptance Criteria, credit policies framework and extensive due diligence process. The credit review and approval process is ably supported with stringent credit administration control and limit monitoring function of credit limits.

To generate an internal risk rating, the Bank uses Moody's CreditLens. This rating system is used by many leading banks globally and in the Kingdom. It enables the Bank to assign a risk rating to a single obligor. The risk rating is a point-in-time, 12-month probability of default (PD). The Bank assigns a rating from a 10-point rating scale with 1 as the best through 10 as the worst. The rating uses sub-grades (e.g. 3+, 3, and 3-) for a granular assessment of the PD. As part of the Bank's policy, only obligors with risk ratings of -6 or better are eligible for new financing facilities. The Bank reviews and validates the Moody's CreditLens rating system on a regular basis by calibrating score ranges with rating grades and associated PDs. All credit exposures are subject to on-going monitoring and annual review activity, which may result in an exposure being moved to a different credit risk grade because of various qualitative and quantitative aspects related to the specific obligor such as changes in the audited financial statements, compliance with covenants, management changes, as well as changes in the economic and business environment.

Credit risks in the retail portfolio are estimated based on individual credit-worthiness scores, derived from an automated credit scoring platform and is not subject to the Moody's rating system.

Point in time PD

The term structure of PD describes the relationship between PD and time-to-maturity. The Bank formulated three forward-looking scenarios of the economic cycle to generate an estimate of Term Structure PD (which is the expected migration of PD up or down, depending on the various stages of the economic cycle.) For example, it can be expected that if the economic environment is on a down-swing, the PD of an obligor which is already stressed and is classified under Stage 2 with clear signs of credit weaknesses, may tend to deteriorate. Conversely, if the economic environment is on an up-swing, the PD of a similar obligor may improve. Based on this concept, the Bank then designed Long Term Survival Probability Adjusted PD which essentially means that if a stressed obligor survives over a longer period time, the probability of it defaulting reduces.

Determining whether credit risk has increased significantly

In determining whether the credit risk has increased significantly since origination, management looks at the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the credit exposure rather than the change in the ECL. The Bank compares the risk of default as at the reporting date with the risk of default occurring as at the date of origination. The assessment is primarily driven by PD estimation methodology of 12 - month point-in-time and lifetime PD. The Bank groups its credit exposure on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in the credit risk to be identified on a timely basis. Given below is a non-exhaustive list of the shared credit risk characteristics:

- a) type of exposure
- b) obligor risk ratings
- c) collateral type
- d) collateral value
- e) economic cycle and forward looking scenario
- f) date of origination
- g) remaining term to maturity
- h) geographical location of the obligor
- i) industry

The Bank categorizes its financial assets into the following three stages in accordance with IFRS 9 methodology:

- **Stage 1 Performing assets** – Financial asset(s) at origination or existing financial assets, at the reporting date, with no significant increase in credit risk since origination: The Bank recognizes an impairment allowance amounting to 12-month expected credit losses using a point-in-time PD (an estimate of the probability of default over the next 12 months). Profits associated with the asset are recognized on the basis of gross carrying value.
- **Stage 2 Underperforming assets** – Financial asset(s) that have significantly deteriorated in credit quality since origination: In determining whether the credit risk has significantly increased since initiation, the bank assesses the change, if any, in the risk of default over the expected life of the financial asset. The trigger point for classifying an account to Stage 2 and the consequent calculation of lifetime expected credit loss is based on past due obligations (rebuttable assumption if payments are more than 30 days past due). However, the most important consideration for categorization to Stage 2 is a determination by the Impairment Committee that the credit quality has deteriorated to the degree defined by the IFRS 9 guidelines. For retail borrowers, over 30 days past due is typically the trigger point for Stage 2 Classification. The Bank recognizes impairment amounting to lifetime expected credit losses using a lifetime PD (an estimate of the probability of default over the life of the asset). Profits associated with the asset are recognized on the basis of gross carrying value.
- **Stage 3 Credit-impaired assets** – Financial asset(s) that show objective evidence of impairment: For credit impaired financial asset(s), the Bank recognizes impairment amounting to lifetime expected credit losses using a lifetime PD approach. Profits associated with the asset are recognized on the basis of net carrying value.

Definition of ‘Default’

The Bank follows the Basel definition for default i.e. “The borrower is more than 90 days past due on principal or profit on any material obligation to the Bank”.

c) Loss allowance

The following table shows reconciliations from the opening to the closing balance of the allowance for impairment for due from banks and other financial institutions, investments, financing and credit related contingencies and commitments:

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)			Total
	12 month ECL	Life time ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	
SAR in ‘000’				
Balance at January 1, 2024	761,502	2,118,631	2,243,788	5,123,921
Transfer to 12 month ECL	18,884	(8,626)	(10,258)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, not credit impaired	(9,201)	9,337	(136)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, credit impaired	(487)	(24,648)	25,135	-
Net charge / (reversal) for the period	17,099	312,530	(42,191)	287,438
Write off	-	-	(338,455)	(338,455)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	787,797	2,407,224	1,877,883	5,072,904

March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

	12 month ECL	Life time ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Total
SAR in '000'				
Balance at January 1, 2023	769,340	1,879,224	1,880,210	4,528,774
Transfer to 12 month ECL	31,258	(29,574)	(1,684)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, not credit impaired	(7,396)	40,521	(33,125)	-
Transfer to life time ECL, credit impaired	(1,446)	(168,063)	169,509	-
Net charge for the period	75,445	73,537	208,586	357,568
Write off	-	-	(274,667)	(274,667)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	867,201	1,795,645	1,948,829	4,611,675

d) Reconciliation of 'Impairment charge of financing and other financial assets'

	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	SAR'000	SAR'000
Impairment charge on financing (note 6.1)	205,793	319,931
Impairment charge of non-funded financing and credit related commitments (note 9)	89,553	32,138
(Reversal) / impairment charge on other financial exposures	(7,908)	5,499
Total charge for the period before recoveries from written off bad debts	287,438	357,568
Impairment charge of other financial assets	6,167	-
Recoveries from written off bad debts	(29,171)	(15,037)
Total impairment charge for period, net of recoveries	264,434	342,531

17. Related party balances and transactions

In the ordinary course of its activities, the Bank transacts business with related parties. Related party transactions are governed by limits set by the Banking Control Law and regulations issued by SAMA.

The balances as at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, resulting from such transactions included in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) SAR'000	December 31, 2023 (Audited) SAR'000	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited) SAR'000
Directors, key management personnel, major shareholders and affiliates			
Financing to key management personnel	119,171	56,022	75,892
Financing to other related parties	1,531,031	1,433,866	917,457
Customers' deposits	1,570,851	58,959	6,483,848
Investments in associate and joint venture	233,557	15,637	194,822
Bank's mutual funds			
Investments in mutual funds	1,018,815	953,614	725,277
Deposits from mutual funds	561,747	335,531	195,390

Customers' deposits mainly include deposits from major shareholders, affiliates and directors. The Bank has transactions with government and government-related entities which are conducted within normal course of business.

(i) Income and expenses pertaining to transactions with related parties included in the interim condensed consolidated statement of income are as follows:

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) SAR'000	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited) SAR'000
Income on financing	27,759	15,180
Return on time investments	14,280	12,046
Fee from banking services, net	113,309	79,759
Directors' remuneration	2,823	1,973

The advances and expenses related to executives are in line with the normal employment terms.

(ii) The total amount of compensation paid to key management personnel during the period is as follow:

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) SAR'000	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited) SAR'000
Short-term employees' benefits	49,470	45,489
End of service benefit	4,267	2,097

18. Capital and capital adequacy

The Bank's objectives when managing capital are, to comply with the capital requirements set by SAMA; to safeguard the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern; and to maintain a strong capital base.

Capital adequacy and the use of regulatory capital are monitored by the Bank's management. SAMA requires to hold and maintain a ratio of total regulatory capital to the risk-weighted assets at or above the Basel prescribed minimum percentage.

The Bank monitors the adequacy of its capital using ratios established by SAMA. These ratios measure capital adequacy by comparing the Bank's eligible capital with its statement of financial position assets and commitments at a weighted amount to reflect their relative risk. The ratios are presented as per Basel III Post Crisis Reforms regulation issued by SAMA (circular number 44047144) effective from January 1, 2023.

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2023 (Audited)	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)
	SAR'000	SAR'000	SAR'000
Credit risk weighted assets	210,011,976	200,114,001	178,520,223
Operational risk weighted assets	7,321,465	6,040,617	6,040,617
Market risk weighted assets	3,733,523	5,439,506	3,158,785
Total Pillar-I Risk Weighted Assets	221,066,964	211,594,124	187,719,625
Tier I capital	39,539,736	34,574,557	33,585,270
Tier II capital	2,609,936	2,423,433	2,222,033
Total Tier I & II Capital	42,149,672	36,997,990	35,807,303
Capital Adequacy Ratio %			
Common Equity Tier I	14%	14%	15%
Tier I ratio	18%	16%	18%
Tier I + Tier II ratio	19%	17%	19%

18.1 Proposed issue of bonus shares

On December 31, 2023, the Board of Directors recommended to the Extraordinary General Assembly of the Bank to increase the capital by SAR 5,000 million through capitalization from the retained earnings by way of granting one share for every four shares. Subsequent to March 31, 2024, the Shareholders, in their Extraordinary General Assembly meeting dated April 23, 2024, approved the increase of share capital by issuance of bonus shares.

18.2 Treasury shares

The Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting on April 30, 2023, approved the Employee Stock Incentive Program for which 5 million shares were to be purchased as treasury shares for allocating them to the Employee Stock Plan. The Bank has completed the purchase of these shares during the period ended June 30, 2023.

19. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been rearranged or reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purpose of better presentation. No other rearrangements or reclassifications have been made in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

20. Events after the reporting period

Except for the event mentioned in note 18.1, there have been no events subsequent to the reporting date that would significantly affect the amounts reported in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at and for the three months period ended March 31, 2024.

21. Approval of the financial statements

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank on 21 Shawwal 1445H (corresponding to April 30, 2024).